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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/781,575	02/12/2001	Christopher R. Spejna	550134-077-1	9726
7590 01/12/2004		EXAMINER		
Mark P. Levy			TALBOT, BRIAN K	
Thompson Hine 2000 Courthous		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
10 West Second	Street	1762		
Dayton, OH 45402			DATE MAILED: 01/12/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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سيد الاللاد الملائقة		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		09/781,575	SPEJNA, CHRIST	OPHER R.				
		Examin r	Art Unit					
		Brian K Talbot	1762					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app ars on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Peri d for Reply							
	• •	VIC CET TO EVDIDE A	NAONITH/S) EDOM					
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reploariod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may ly within the statutory minimum of will apply and will expire SIX (6) N e, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed thirty (30) days will be considered timely IONTHS from the mailing date of this co					
1)🖾	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10/2	29/03 (RCE filed).						
2a)□		action is non-final.						
3)	· <del></del>							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1,5,6 and 9-12</u> is/are pending in the application.							
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>1,5,6,9-12</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.						
Applicat	ion Papers							
•	The specification is objected to by the Examine							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	cepted or b) objected	to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig  All b) Some * c) None of:  Certified copies of the priority document  Costiling copies of the priority document	ts have been received.						
* (	<ul> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority document</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea</li> <li>See the attached detailed Office action for a list</li> </ul>	ority documents have be au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	en received in this National	Stage				
13)□ <i>A</i> s 3	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest ince a specific reference was included in the fir 7 CFR 1.78.	tic priority under 35 U.S. rst sentence of the speci	C. § 119(e) (to a provisional fication or in an Application	application) Data Sheet.				
14) 🗌 A	<ul> <li>a)  The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.</li> <li>14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.</li> </ul>							
Attachmen	nt(s)							
1) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Intervie	w Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s	\$)				
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _		of Informal Patent Application (PTC	<i>i</i> -152)				

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## Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 10/29/03 has been entered.

2. Claims 2-4,7-8 and 13-21 have been canceled. Claims 1,5,6, and 9-12 remain in the application.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. Claims 1,5,6 and 9-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Faraoni et al. (5,401,531) or Arakawa (5,024,857) in combination with Metzger (4,336,279).

Faraoni et al. (5,401,531) or Arakawa (5,024,857) teach coating systems and methods for coating armatures by a trickle impregnation process. The work-piece is preheated by blowers (28) prior to contacting with the resin coating and subsequently the coated work-piece is heated to cure the resin coating thereon. This heating step is performed in an over or by radiant heating means. Faraoni et al. (5,401,531) teaches rotating the work-piece around its longitudinal axis (col. 4, lines 13-17) during the coating process.

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Faraoni et al. (5,401,531) or Arakawa (5,024,857) fail to teach a heated gas flow with a velocity of greater than 500 fpm perpendicular to the substrate instead of an oven.

Metzger (4,336,279) teaches an apparatus and coating process for drying and curing resin coatings. The drying and curing process utilized high velocity heated air to cure the coatings on a substrate. The temperature of the heated air can vary depending upon the coating, substrates, etc but is about 175°C and the velocity, which also varies, can be between 6,000-8,000 fpm (col. 5, lines 20-35). Looking at the Figures, it is clear that the air flow is directed at a substantially perpendicular direction toward the substrate.

Therefore it would have been obvious for one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Faraoni et al. (5,401,531) or Arakawa (5,024,857) process by substituting a high velocity hot air drying step for the ovens as evidenced by Metzger (4,336,279) with the expectation of achieving a faster and more economical drying step.

## Response to Amendment

4. Applicant's arguments filed 8/25/03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argued that the combination of art teaches using the "high flow air" to cure the coating and not for "preheating" the substrate prior to coating.

The Examiner agrees in part. While the reference teaches utilizing the hot air flow for curing, the primary reference Faraoni et al. (5,401,531) teaches utilizing air flows for preheating

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(col. 3, lines 38-48). Hence, it is the Examiner's position that the Metzger (4,336,279) reference preheating high velocity hot air could be substituted for the "preheating air flow" of Faraoni et al. (5,401,531) with the expectation of achieving similar success. In addition, one skilled in the art would recognize the advantages associated with using a heated air flow v. a conventional oven for heating purposes, either preheating or curing, which include reduced drying times, localized heating, avoiding conventional ovens which would reduce cost as well as speed up the production cycle. Furthermore, one skilled in the art would recognize that these advantages would be achieved by substituting all heating steps (i.e. preheating and curing) as it would not be beneficial to change one and not the other.

Applicant argued that the references fail to teach rotating about a longitudinal axis and perpendicular direction of the heat air flow.

Faraoni et al. (5,401,531) clearly teaches the rotating about a longitudinal axis and Metzger (4,336,279) depicts a substantially perpendicular air flow of the heated gas. Again, while the Examiner acknowledges the references are directed toward curing the substrate, the advantages associated with such as use can be obtained for the preheating of a substrate as well as for the curing step.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian K Talbot whose telephone number is (571) 272-1428. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 6AM-3PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Shrive P Beck can be reached on (571) 272-1415. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3775.

Brian K Talbot Primary Examiner Art Unit 1762

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BKT January 6, 2004